1. Identification

Product identifier: Aluminum Bronze Alloys

Other means of identification:
- SDS number: 1
- Product code: C95200, C95210, C95420, C95420, C95600, C95700, C95900, AB2, ADV22, ADVANCE20, AMS-4640, AMS-4872, CA-104, CA954-A, CB954, CONCAST-380, CDA954JD, CLASS-1, CON-954, CuAl10Fe, CuAl10Fe2, CuAl10Ni, CuAl10Ni5, CuAl10Ni5F, CuAl10Ni-M, CuAl10NiP, CuAl11Ni, CuAl11Fe4, CuAl11FeNi, CuAl9Ni5Fe, RCB 954, Paper Rolls, Aluminum Bronze Solids

Recommended use: Manufacturing

Recommended restrictions: Use in accordance with supplier's recommendations.

Manufacturer / Importer / Supplier / Distributor information:
- Address: 28070 Hayes Road Roseville, MI 48315 USA
- Telephone: 1-888-567-5044
- E-mail: mike@bravobronze.com
- Contact person: Michael Russo
- Emergency phone number: 1-800-424-9300
- Chemtrec (24-hrs): 

Company name: Bravo Bronze and Alloys

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards: Not classified.

Health hazards:
- Sensitization, respiratory: Category 1
- Sensitization, skin: Category 1
- Carcinogenicity: Category 2
- Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure: Category 1 (Lung, central nervous system)

OSHA hazard(s): Not classified.

Label elements:
- Hazard symbol:
- Signal word: Danger
- Hazard statement: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. Causes damage to organs (Lung, centaral nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statement:
- Prevention: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response: If inhaled: If breathing is difficult, remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/doctor. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage: Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC): Not classified.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture
### Hazardous components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Common name and synonyms</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Copper</td>
<td>7440-50-8</td>
<td>71-90</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aluminum</td>
<td>7429-90-5</td>
<td>7-16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manganese</td>
<td>7439-96-5</td>
<td>0-14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iron</td>
<td>7439-89-6</td>
<td>2-6.5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nickel</td>
<td>7440-02-0</td>
<td>0-6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cobalt</td>
<td>7440-48-4</td>
<td>0-3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicon</td>
<td>7440-21-3</td>
<td>0-1.5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zinc</td>
<td>7440-66-6</td>
<td>&lt;0.5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tin</td>
<td>7440-31-5</td>
<td>&lt;0.3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Composition comments**

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

### 4. First-aid measures

**Inhalation**

In case of exposure to fumes or particulates: Move to fresh air. Get medical attention if discomfort persists.

**Skin contact**

Contact with dust: Wash skin with soap and water. In case of allergic reaction or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and bring along these instructions. In case of contact with hot or molten product, cool rapidly with water and seek immediate medical attention. Do not attempt to remove molten product from skin because skin will tear easily. Cuts or abrasions should be treated promptly with thorough cleansing of the affected area.

**Eye contact**

Do not rub eyes. Remove any contact lenses. Flush eyes thoroughly with water, taking care to rinse under eyelids. If irritation persists, continue flushing for 15 minutes, rinsing from time to time under eyelids. If discomfort continues, consult a physician.

**Ingestion**

Rinse mouth thoroughly if dust is ingested. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of medical personnel. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**


**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

**General information**

Get medical attention if any discomfort develops. Seek medical attention for all burns, regardless how minor they may seem. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

Special powder against metal fires. Dry sand.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**

Do not use water or halogenated extinguishing media. Do not use water on molten metal: Explosion hazard could result.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. Solid metal is not flammable; however, finely divided metallic dust or powder may form an explosive mixture with air. In a fire, ferronickel may form highly toxic substances: iron carbonyl and nickel carbonyl, a known carcinogen.

**Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters**

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace.

**Fire-fighting equipment/instructions**

Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

**Specific methods**

Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

### 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Allow spilled material to solidify and scrape up with shovels into a suitable container for recycle or disposal. If not possible, gently moisten dust before it is collected with shovel, broom or the like. Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner equipped with HEPA filter. The vacuum cleaner should be explosion-proofed. Avoid dust formation. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Welding, burning, sawing, brazing, grinding or machining operations may generate fumes and dusts of metal oxides. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with sharp edges and hot surfaces. Avoid generation and spreading of dust and fumes. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Avoid contact with hot or molten material. Dust clouds may be explosive under certain conditions. Take precautionary measures against static discharges when there is a risk of dust explosion. Use explosion-proof electrical equipment if airborne dust levels are high. To prevent and minimize fire or explosion risk from static accumulation and discharge, effectively bond and/or ground product transfer system. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not use water on molten metal. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Keep the workplace clean. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep dry. Store away from incompatible materials.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15 mg/m³</td>
<td>Total dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>0.1 mg/m³</td>
<td>Dust and fume.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>1 mg/m³</td>
<td>Dust and mist.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.1 mg/m³</td>
<td>Fume.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)</td>
<td>Ceiling</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Fume.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>1 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Total dust.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.02 mg/m³</td>
<td>Dust and mist.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1 mg/m³</td>
<td>Dust and mist.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.2 mg/m³</td>
<td>Fume.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.2 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1.5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Inhalable fraction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)</td>
<td>REL</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Welding fume or pyrophoric powder.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)</td>
<td>REL</td>
<td>0.05 mg/m³</td>
<td>Dust and fume.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)</td>
<td>REL</td>
<td>1 mg/m³</td>
<td>Dust and mist.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1 mg/m³</td>
<td>Fume.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>3 mg/m³</td>
<td>Fume.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)</td>
<td>REL</td>
<td>0.015 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)</td>
<td>REL</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Total</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)</td>
<td>REL</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Biological limit values
US. ACGIH. BEIs. Biological Exposure Indices

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Determinant</th>
<th>Sampling Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)</td>
<td>1 µg/l</td>
<td>Cobalt</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines
Follow standard monitoring procedures.

Appropriate engineering controls
Provide adequate ventilation. Observe Occupational Exposure Limits and minimize the risk of inhalation of dust. Ventilate as needed to control airborne dust. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment if airborne dust levels are high. Special ventilation should be used to convey finely divided metallic dust generated by grinding, sawing etc., in order to eliminate explosion hazards.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection
Wear dust-resistant safety goggles where there is danger of eye contact. In addition to safety glasses or goggles, a welding helmet with appropriate shaded shield is required during welding, burning, or brazing. A face shield is recommended, in addition to safety glasses or goggles, during sawing, grinding, or machining.

Skin protection
Hand protection
Wear suitable protective gloves to prevent cuts and abrasions. When material is heated, wear gloves to protect against thermal burns. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

Respiratory protection
In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of dust, use suitable respiratory equipment with particle filter. When engineering controls are not sufficient to lower exposure levels below the applicable exposure limit, use a NIOSH approved respirator for dusts. A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever work place conditions warrant a respirator's use. Seek advice from local supervisor.

Thermal hazards
Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations
Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated uniforms should be laundered separately from other clothing to prevent potential cross-contamination. If possible, an industrial laundry service should be used to eliminate the possibility of contaminating the home environment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance
Shapes, Solids, Tubes & Turnings.

Physical state
Solid.

Form
Shapes, Solids, Tubes & Turnings.

Color
Yellow to red.

Odor
None.

Odor threshold
Not available.

pH
Unknown.

Melting point/freezing point
1814 - 1929.2 °F (990 - 1054 °C)

Initial boiling point and boiling range
Not available.

Flash point
Not available.

Evaporation rate
Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas)
Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)
Not available.

Flammability limit - upper (%)
Not available.

Explosive limit - lower (%)
Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%)
Not available.

Vapor pressure
Not available.

Vapor density
Not available.

Relative density
7.5 - 9

Solubility(ies)
Insoluble in water.
**10. Stability and reactivity**

**Reactivity**
Stable at normal conditions.

**Chemical stability**
Massive metal is stable and non reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**
Hazardous polymerization does not occur. Hot molten material will react violently with water resulting in spattering and fuming.

**Conditions to avoid**
Contact with incompatible materials. Contact with acids will release flammable hydrogen gas. Avoid dust formation. Dust clouds may be explosive under certain conditions.

**Incompatible materials**

**Hazardous decomposition products**
Welding, burning, sawing, brazing, grinding or machining operations may generate dusts and fumes of metal oxides.

**11. Toxicological information**

**Information on likely routes of exposure**

**Ingestion**
Not relevant, due to the form of the product. However, ingestion of dusts generated during working operations may cause nausea and vomiting.

**Inhalation**
May cause allergic respiratory reaction. Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the mucous membranes and respiratory tract. In sensitized individuals, exposure causes an asthma-like attack, with wheezing, bronchospasm, and dyspnea.

**Skin contact**
May cause an allergic skin reaction. Hot or molten material may produce thermal burns. Workers allergic to nickel may develop eczema or rashes. Acute exposure to cobalt metal, dust, and fume may cause irritation of skin and eyes. In sensitized individuals, exposure causes an asthma-like attack, with wheezing, bronchospasm, and dyspnea.

**Eye contact**
Molten material will produce thermal burns. Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the eye. Acute exposure to cobalt metal, dust, and fume may cause irritation of skin and eyes.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

**Information on toxicological effects**

**Acute toxicity**
Acute exposure to cobalt metal, dust, and fume may cause irritation of skin and eyes. In sensitized individuals, exposure causes an asthma-like attack, with wheezing, bronchospasm, and dyspnea. Ingestion of cobalt may cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and a sensation of hotness. High concentrations of freshly formed fumes/dusts of metal oxides can produce symptoms of metal fume fever.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Silicon</strong> (CAS 7440-21-3)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>3150 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Skin corrosion/irritation</strong></td>
<td>Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the eye, mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Hot or molten material may produce thermal burns.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</strong></td>
<td>Dust from machining operation in the eyes will cause irritation.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Respiratory sensitization</strong></td>
<td>May cause sensitization by inhalation.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Skin sensitization</strong></td>
<td>Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis. May cause sensitization by skin contact. Pre-existing skin conditions including dermatitis might be aggravated by exposure to this product.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Germ cell mutagenicity</strong></td>
<td>Suspected of causing genetic defects.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Carcinogenicity</strong></td>
<td>Possible cancer hazard - may cause cancer based on animal data. Suspected of causing cancer.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity
Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.
NTP Report on Carcinogens
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.
Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity
In experimental animal studies, cobalt produces adverse developmental effects at doses that produce maternal toxicity. There are no human data on cobalt exposure during pregnancy.
Nickel: Has shown teratogenic effects in laboratory animals.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
High concentrations: May cause respiratory irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
Not available.
Aspiration hazard
Not applicable.
Chronic effects
Chronic inhalation of high concentrations of iron oxides or dust may lead to benign pneumoconiosis (siderosis). Prolonged and repeated overexposure to dust and fumes can lead to benign pneumoconiosis (stannosis). Chronic exposure to breathing low levels of manganese dust or fume over a long period of time can result in “manganism,” a disease of the central nervous system similar to Parkinson’s Disease, gait impairment, muscle spasms and behavioral changes.
Chronic inhalation of metallic oxide dust/fume may cause metal fume fever.

Further information
Welding or plasma arc cutting of metal and alloys can generate ozone, nitric oxides and ultraviolet radiation. Ozone overexposure may result in mucous membrane irritation or pulmonary discomfort. UV radiation can cause skin erythema and welders flash.

12. Ecological information
Ecotoxicity
Alloys in massive forms present a limited hazard for the environment. The product contains a substance which may cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Iron (CAS 7439-89-6) Aquatic Fish</td>
<td>LC50 Channel catfish (Ictalurus punctatus)</td>
<td>&gt; 500 mg/l, 96 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Persistence and degradability
The product is not biodegradable.
Bioaccumulative potential
The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances.
Mobility in soil
Alloys in massive forms are not mobile in the environment.
Mobility in general
Alloys in massive forms are not mobile in the environment.
Other adverse effects
An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions
This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Local disposal regulations
Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code
Z110: Inorganic compounds n.o.s.
Waste from residues / unused products
Recover and recycle, if practical. Solid metal and alloys in the form of particles may be reactive. Its hazardous characteristics, including fire and explosion, should be determined prior to disposal.
Contaminated packaging
Not applicable.

14. Transport information

DOT
Not regulated as a hazardous material by DOT.
IATA
Not regulated as a dangerous good.
IMDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations
This product is a “Hazardous Chemical” as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
Aluminum Bronze
Alloys
3152
Version #: 01
Revision date: -
Issue date: 10-10-2012

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)
Not regulated.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)
Not on regulatory list.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)
- Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)
- Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)
- Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)
- Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)
- Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)
- Immediate Hazard - Yes
- Delayed Hazard - Yes
- Fire Hazard - No
- Pressure Hazard - No
- Reactivity Hazard - Yes

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance
No

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical
Yes

Other federal regulations
- Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List
  - Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)
  - Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)
  - Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)
- Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)
  - Not regulated.
- Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)
  Not regulated.
- Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number
  Not listed.
- Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))
  - Not regulated.
- DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number
  Not regulated.
- Food and Drug Administration (FDA)
  Not regulated.

US state regulations
WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List
- Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)
- Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)
- Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)
- Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)
- Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)
- Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)
- Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)
- Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act
- Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5) 500 LBS
- Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) 500 LBS
- Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5) 500 LBS
- Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) 500 LBS
- Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6) 500 LBS

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances
- Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)
- Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)
- Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)
- Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)
- Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)
- Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)
- Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)
- Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)
US. Rhode Island RTK
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)
Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)
Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)
Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)
Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)

US. California Proposition 65
US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance
Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)

International Inventories

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country(s) or region</th>
<th>Inventory name</th>
<th>On inventory (yes/no)*</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Domestic Substances List (DSL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<td>Canada</td>
<td>Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)</td>
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<td>China</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)</td>
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<td>Europe</td>
<td>European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)</td>
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<td>Japan</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)</td>
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<td>Korea</td>
<td>Existing Chemicals List (ECL)</td>
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<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>New Zealand Inventory</td>
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<td>Philippines</td>
<td>Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)</td>
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<td>United States &amp; Puerto Rico</td>
<td>Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory</td>
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*A “Yes” indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last version

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<td>Issue date</td>
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<td>Revision date</td>
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<td>Version #</td>
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<td>Further information</td>
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References

- HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank
- IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity
- National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens
- ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices

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